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Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the sub	ostance/m	nixture and of the com	ipany/undertaking	J					
1.1. Product identifier									
Code: Product name	UB ULTRABO	ND							
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or	mixture and	uses advised against							
Intended use	Intended use Polymer-based contact adhesive								
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data shee	ət								
Name Full address District and Country	VOLTECO via delle ir 31050 Tel.	S.p.A ndustrie 47 Ponzano Veneto Italia 04229663	(TV)						
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	volteco@v								
1.4. Emergency telephone number									
For urgent inquiries refer to	Accettazio +39 80018 +39 081 74 +39 06 499 +39 06 305 +39 055 79 +39 0382 2 27100) +39 02 661	593726 (CAV "Osp. Pediatrico one DEA - Roma - 00165) 3459 (Az. Osp. Univ. Foggia - I 472870 (Az. Osp. "A. Cardarelli 978000 (CAV Policlinico "Umbo 54343 (CAV Policlinico "A. Ger 947819 (Az. Osp. "Careggi" U. 24444 (CAV Centro Nazionale o 101029 (Osp. Niguarda Ca' Gra 3300 (Azienda Ospedaliera Pa	Foggia - 71222) i" - Napoli - 80131) erto I" - Roma - 161) nelli" - Roma - 168) O. Tossicologia Medica di Informazione Tossico anda - Milano - 20162)	- Firenze - 50134) logica - Pavia -					

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitization, category 1A	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
category 3		

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Signal words:

Danger	

Hazard statements:	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statements:	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P370+P378	In case of fire: use to extinguish.
P261	Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Contains:	Cashew (Anacardium
Container	Western) Nutshell Extract,
	Decarboxylated, Distilled
	METHEAMINE
	ACETONE
	ETHYL ACETATE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\ge 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Identification		x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
ETHYL ACE	ATE		
INDEX	607-022-00-5	$30 \le x \le 40$	Flam. Lig. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	205-500-4		
CAS	141-78-6		
ACETONE			
INDEX	606-001-00-8	20 ≤ x < 30	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	200-662-2		
CAS	67-64-1		
Hydrocarbor	s, C10-C13, n alkan	es, isoalkanes, cyclics	, <
2% aromatic			
INDEX		1≤x< 3	Asp. Tox. 1 H304
EC	918-481-9		
CAS			
REACH Reg.	01-2119457273-39)	
METHEAMIN	E		
INDEX		1 ≤ x < 3	Flam. Sol. 2 H228, Skin Sens. 1B H317
EC	202-905-8		
CAS	100-97-0		
REACH Reg.	01-2119474895-20)	
Cashew (Ana			
Western) Nu	shell Extract,		
Decarboxyla	ed, Distilled		
INDEX		0,4 ≤ x < 0,5	Acute Tox. 4 H312, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1A H317
EC	232-355-4		LD50 Dermal: 2000 mg/kg
CAS	8007-24-7		
REACH Reg.	01-2119502450-57	,	

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients/>>

PHENOL			
INDEX	604-001-00-2	0,1 ≤ x < 0,2	Muta. 2 H341, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331,
			STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318
EC	203-632-7		Skin Corr. 1B H314: ≥ 3%, Skin Irrit. 2 H315: ≥ 1% - < 3%
CAS	108-95-2		ATE Oral: 100 mg/kg, ATE Dermal: 300 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation
			mists/powders: 0,501 mg/l
REACH Reg.	01-2119471329-3	2-0080	

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / . . . if you feel unwell.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of

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contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

DEU	Deutschland	Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2023
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en FranceDécret n° 2021-1849 du 28 décembre 2021
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
RUS	Россия	ПОСТАНОВЛЕНИЕ от 13 февраля 2018 г. N 25 ОБ УТВЕРЖДЕНИИ ГИГИЕНИЧЕСКИХ НОРМАТИВОВ ГН 2.2.5.3532-18 "ПРЕДЕЛЬНО ДОПУСТИМЫЕ КОНЦЕНТРАЦИИ (ПДК) ВРЕДНЫХ ВЕЩЕСТВ В ВОЗДУХЕ РАБОЧЕЙ ЗОНЫ"
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2023

				ACETONE		
Threshold Limit V	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15m	in	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	1200	500	2400	1000	
MAK	DEU	1200	500	2400	1000	
VLA	ESP	1210	500			
VLEP	FRA	1210	500	2420	1000	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	1210	500			
VLEP	ITA	1210	500			
TGG	NLD	1210		2420		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	600		1800		
TLV	ROU	1210	500			
пдк	RUS	200		800		Π
MV	SVN	1210	500	2420	1000	
WEL	GBR	1210	500	3620	1500	
OEL	EU	1210	500			
TLV-ACGIH			250		500	

	ETHYL ACETATE							
Threshold Limit \	Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15mir	า	Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
AGW	DEU	730	200	1460	400			
MAK	DEU	750	200	1500	400			
VLA	ESP	734	200	1468	400			
VLEP	FRA	734	200	1468	400			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	734	200	1468	400			
VLEP	ITA	734	200	1468	400			
TGG	NLD	734		1468				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	734		1468				
TLV	ROU	734	200	1468	400			
пдк	RUS	50		200		Π		
MV	SVN	734	200	1468	400			
WEL	GBR	734	200	1468	400			
OEL	EU	734	200	1468	400			
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400					

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				PHENOL			
Threshold Limit \	/alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15mir	า	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	8	2	16	4	SKIN 11	
VLA	ESP	8	2	16	4	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	7,8	2	15,6	4	SKIN	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	8	2	16	4	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	8	2	16	4	SKIN	
TGG	NLD	8				SKIN	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	7,8		16		SKIN	
TLV	ROU	8	2	16	4	SKIN	
пдк	RUS	0,3		1		П	
MV	SVN	8	2	16	4	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	7,8	2	16	4	SKIN	
OEL	EU	8	2	16	4	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		19,2	5			SKIN	

DUENO

				MET	HEAMINE					
hreshold Limit Valu	ie									
Туре (Country	TWA/8h		ST	EL/15min		Rei	narks / Observa	ations	
		mg/m3	ppm	m	g/m3	ppm	n			
OEL E	U	1					INF	IAL		
redicted no-effect	concentrat	ion - PNEC								
Normal value in fre	esh water							3	mg/l	
Normal value in m	arine watei	•						0,3	mg/l	
Normal value for f	esh water	sediment						10,2	mg/kg	
Normal value for n	narine wate	er sediment						1,02	mg/kg	
Normal value of S	TP microor	ganisms						100	mg/l	
Normal value for t	ne food cha	ain (secondary	poisoning)					50	mg/kg	
Normal value for t	ne terrestria	al compartmer	nt					0,28	mg/kg	
lealth - Derived no-	effect leve	I - DNEL / DM	EL							
	Effec	ts on consume	rs			E	Effects on wo	orkers		
Route of exposure	Acute	e Acute	CI	nronic	Chronic		Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	system	nic lo	cal	systemic			systemic	local	systemic
Oral			0,	8						
			m	g/kg						
Inhalation			1,	2					5,6	
			m	g/m3					mg/m3	
Skin			3,	2					6,4	
			m	g/kg					mg/kg	

			Cashew (A	Anacardium				
			W	estern) Nutshe	ell Extract,			
			De	carboxylated,	Distilled			
Predicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC						
Normal value in fresh	water					0,003	mg/l	
Normal value for fres	h water sedi	iment				0,97	mg/kg	
Normal value for mar	ine water se	ediment				0,088	mg/kg	
Normal value for wate	er, intermitte	ent release				30	mg/l	
Normal value for mar	ine water, ir	ntermittent releas	е			0,03	mg/l	
Normal value of STP	microorgan	isms				100	mg/l	
Normal value for the	food chain (secondary poiso	ning)			10	mg/kg	
Normal value for the	terrestrial co	ompartment				6,71	mg/kg	
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects or	n consumers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral			0,25					
			mg/kg					
Inhalation			0,2				0,88	
			mg/m3				mg/m3	
Skin			0,25				0,5	
			mg/kg				mg/kg	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection / >>

; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

PHENOL

Components with biological limit values:

IBE 250 mg/g creatinine Samples: urine Pickup time: at the end of the shift Biological indicator: phenol

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type AX filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Respiratory protection:

In case of aerosol formation, it is recommended to wear a suitable respiratory protective device equipped with an ABEK P2 filter (EN 14387).

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	pink	
Odour	solvent	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	not available	Reason for missing data:In corso di determinazione
Flammability	not available	Reason for missing data:In corso di determinazione
Lower explosive limit	2,1 % (v/v)	Remark:Non esplosivo
Upper explosive limit	13 % (v/v)	Remark:Non esplosivo
Flash point	-19 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	Reason for missing data:In corso di determinazione
Decomposition temperature	not available	Reason for missing data:In corso di determinazione
рН	not available	Reason for missing data:Apolare
Kinematic viscosity	not available	Ŭ I
Dynamic viscosity	2900 - 4100 mPa*s	
Solubility	miscible	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not applicable	
Vapour pressure	233 hPa	

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ... / >>

Density and/or relative density Relative vapour density Particle characteristics 0,86 g/cm3 not available not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ACETONE

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

ETHYL ACETATE Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

ACETONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: bromine trifluoride,fluorine dioxide,hydrogen peroxide,nitrosyl chloride,2-methyl-1,3 butadiene,nitromethane,nitrosyl perchlorate.May react dangerously with: potassium tert-butoxide,alkaline hydroxides,bromine,bromoform,isoprene,sodium,sulphur dioxide,chromium trioxide,chromyl chloride,nitric acid,chloroform,peroxymonosulphuric acid,phosphoryl oxychloride,chromosulphuric acid,fluorine,strong oxidising agents,strong reducing agents.Develops flammable gas on contact with: nitrosyl perchlorate.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, hydrides, oleum. May react violently with: fluorine, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ACETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

ACETONE

Incompatible with: acids,oxidising substances.

ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,chlorosulphuric acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

ACETONE

May develop: ketenes, irritant substances.

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture:	> 5 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg

PHENOL	
LD50 (Dermal):	
ATE (Dermal):	

LD50 (Oral): ATE (Oral): 317 mg/kg Rat
300 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
850 mg/kg Rat
100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

 Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <</td>

 2% aromatic

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit - equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 15000 mg/kg Rat - equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401

 LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):
 > 5,6 mg/l/4h Rat

METHEAMINE LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

Cashew (Anacardium Western) Nutshell Extract, Decarboxylated, Distilled LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

2000 mg/kg Rat - OECD Guideline 402 > 2000 mg/kg Rat - OECD Guideline 423

> 2000 mg/kg Rat - OECD Guideline 402

9200 mg/kg Rat - OECD Guideline 423

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

METHEAMINE Not irritating

Cashew (Anacardium Western) Nutshell Extract, Decarboxylated, Distilled Irritating

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

METHEAMINE Not irritating

Cashew (Anacardium Western) Nutshell Extract, Decarboxylated, Distilled Corrosive

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

Cashew (Anacardium Western) Nutshell Extract, Decarboxylated, Distilled Sensitizing

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

METHEAMINE Negative - bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g. Ames test) Positive - In vitro mammalian chromosomal aberration test

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	<
2% aromatic	
LC50 - for Fish	> 1000 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas - OECD Guideline 203
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1000 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna - OECD Guideline 202
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1000 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - OECD Guideline 201
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	1000 mg/l Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - OECD Guideline 201

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SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

METHEAMINE

LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

Cashew (Anacardium Western) Nutshell Extract, Decarboxylated, Distilled LC50 - for Fish Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 36000 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna - OECD Guideline 203 3000 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum - Algal Assay Procedure 1500 mg/l Selenastrum capricornutum - Algal Assay Procedure

49800 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas - OECD Guideline 203

1000 mg/l/96h OECD Guideline 203 125 mg/l Skeletonema costatum - ISO 253

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatic Readly biodegradable: 80% degradability in 28 days of exposure - OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)

METHEAMINE

Not intrinsically biodegradable: degradability 67% 28 days of exposure (OECD Guideline 302 B) Not readly biodegradable: 35% degradability 28 days of exposure (OECD Guideline 301 D)

Cashew (Anacardium Western) Nutshell Extract, Decarboxylated, Distilled Readly biodegradable

ACETONE Rapidly degradable

ETHYL ACETATE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable

> 10000 mg/l

PHENOL Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

ACETONE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	-0,23 3
ETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	0,68 30
PHENOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,47

12.4. Mobility in soil

METHEAMINE -2.18 at 20°C (OECD Guideline 107)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1133

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	ADHESIVES
IMDG:	ADHESIVES
IATA:	ADHESIVES

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3	8
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3	

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	not marine pollutant
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

Information not relevant

ADR / RID:

IATA:

HIN - Kemler: 33 Special provision: 640D EMS: F-E, S-D Cargo: Passengers: Special provision:

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

П

Limited Quantities: 5 It

Limited Quantities: 5 It Maximum quantity: 60 L Maximum quantity: 5 L A3 Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Packaging instructions: 364 Packaging instructions: 353

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

Seveso Category	- Directive 2012/18/EU:	P5c
estrictions relat	ing to the product or conta	ained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006
Product		
Point	3 - 40	
Contained subs		
Point	75	ACETONE
Point	75	ETHYL ACETATE
Point	75	PHENOL
		REACH Reg.: 01-2119471329-32-0080
egulation (ELI) (2010/11/8 - on the market	ting and use of explosives precursors
equiated explos		and use of explosives precursors
equiated explos	sives precursor	
no acquisition i	ntroduction possession o	r use of that regulated explosives presureer by members of the general public is subject to
		r use of that regulated explosives precursor by members of the general public is subject to
eporting obligation	ons as set out in Article 9.	
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eporting obligation Il suspicious tra <u>ubstances in Ca</u> on the basis of a <u>ubstances subj</u> or lone <u>ubstances subjor</u> lone <u>ubstances subjor</u>	ons as set out in Article 9. nsactions and significant of andidate List (Art. 59 REA vailable data, the product ect to authorisation (Anne) ect to exportation reporting	disappearances and thefts must be reported to the relevant national contact point. <u>CH</u>) does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%. <u>x XIV REACH</u>) <u>g pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:</u> <u>rention:</u>

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Sol. 2	Flammable solid, category 2
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, category 1C
Skin Corr. 1	Skin corrosion, category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	Skin sensitization, category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	Flammable solid.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148

ΕN

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP) 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1434 (XIX Atp. CLP) 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified: 02/03/04/08/11/12/14/15/16.